

Q2. In what year was the most recent census of economic units conducted.

- 2013
- 2000
- 1999
- 1992

Q3. How often do you conduct censuses of economic units? (e.g., every 5 or 10 years etc.).

- 4 Years
- 3 Years
- 5 Years
- 10 Years

Q4. In the most recent economic census, units from what kind of economic activity were not covered? .

- Agriculture
- Public administration
- Entertainment
- All

Q5. If you conducted the economic censuses in the past, what was the year of the last.

- 2000
- 1999
- 1995
- 2013

Q6. Which ministry sponsored the scheme of Economic Census.

- MOSPI

- Meity
- Telecom
- Home Ministry

Q7. What is the purpose of Economic Census.

- Data collection of Population
- Data collection of public transport
- Data collection of the economic units
- All**

Q8. Different census in India.

- Population
- Minor irrigation
- Live stock census
- All**

Q9. Find out the Economic Census Exclusion .

- Government Office
- Agriculture
- Both A & B**
- None

Q10. Difficulties comes in Economic Census.

- Lack of differentiation in economic functions
- Gaps in statistical data
- Existence of a large non-monetized sector
- All**

Q1. What is enumeration?.

- The process of interviewing people and recording or listing the information on survey forms is enumeration.
- Enumeration is a complete, ordered listing of all the items in a collection.

Both A and B

Survey aimed at providing a population count of households/ household size/average income of the family.

Q2. What is an enumeration survey?.

Survey aimed at providing a population count of households/ household size/average income of the family.

A survey run in the month after each Census.

A study of every unit, everyone or everything, in a population.

A subset of units in a population, selected to represent all units in a population of interest.

Q3. What is Post Enumeration Survey?.

A survey run in the month after each Census.

A term commonly used in mathematics and computer science to refer to a listing of all of the elements of a set.

A survey that can be conducted after every 2 years.

None of them

Q4. What is an Enumeration Block?.

A study of every unit, everyone or everything, in a population.

The region ie; the cities or towns which are to be covered in the survey are divided into small areas.

A data type, and you can use them to create sets of constants for use with variables and properties.

A group of enumerators.

Q5. What is a Census?.

A symbolic name for a set of values.

A subset of units in a population, selected to represent all units in a population of interest.

A complete, ordered listing of all the items in a collection.

A study of every unit, everyone or everything, in a population.

Q6. What is a Sample?.

- The region ie; the cities or towns which are to be covered in the survey are divided into small areas which are called as enumeration blocks.
- A complete, ordered listing of all the items in a collection.
- A subset of units in a population, selected to represent all units in a population of interest.**
- A term commonly used in mathematics and computer science to refer to a listing of all of the elements of a set.

Q7. The different communication skills are .

- Reading and Writing
- Speaking and Listening
- A and B**
- Monitoring and Assessing

Q8. What is Social Perceptiveness.

- Actively looking for ways to help people.
- Being aware of others' reactions and understanding why they react as they do.**
- Ability to understand or share feelings or attitudes of others.
- None of them

Q9. What is Empathy?.

- Ability to judge the situation based on logic and wisdom.
- Ability to understand or share feelings or attitudes of others.**
- Adjusting actions in relation to others' actions.
- Understanding the implications of new information for both current and future problem-solving and decision-making

Q10. The process of interviewing people and recording or listing the information on survey forms is enumeration. .

- FALSE
- TRUE**

Q1. What does house and establishment listing means?.

- It is meant for listing of all establishments and households available in the enumeration blocks (EB), covering both rural and urban areas.
- It is meant for listing of all establishments
- It is meant for listing households.
- None of these

Q2. Explain the term Establishment?.

- The establishment is a unit situated in a single location.
- The establishment is a unit situated in a single location in which predominantly one kind of economic activity is carried out such that at least a part of the goods and/or services produced by the unit goes for sale .
- The establishment is a unit situated in a single location in which works for sole consumption
- The establishment sells many goods.

Q3. What does Agricultural Establishment?.

- Production of oil
- Production of agricultural Goods
- Production of Toys
- production of Household items

Q5. Is Foreign nationals are the part household under EC?.

- Yes
- No
- Could be
- Cant say

Q6. Choose the correct establishment example?.

- Tutoring of own children
- Stitching of garments for the use of household members
- Person runs a coaching centre
- None of these

Q7. Can Under trial prisoners are included in household survey?.

- NO**
- Yes
- Could be
- Cant say

Q8. Household living in open or road side, pavements will be counted in household listing?.

- NO**
- Yes
- Could
- None of these

Q9. Institutes like Orphanages, Nari Niketans will be listed under household ?.

- NO**
- Yes
- Could be
- None of these

Q10. Census town is the village having population more than 5000?.

- Yes**
- No
- Could be be
- None of these

Q1. Which of the following forms of communication is the most basic form of communication?.

- Written Communication

- Verbal Communication
- Non Verbal Communication
- Listening**

Q2. Communication is a two-way process, in which the sender sends a _____ to the receiver..

- Message**
- Note
- Feedback
- Communication

Q3. Behavioral Skills have so many qualities like -.

- Conversational
- Frank
- Friendly in nature
- All**

Q4. Qualitative data involves facts and figures and number..

- True
- FALSE**

Q5. Quantitative data involves facts and figures and numbers..

- True**
- FALSE

Q6. How to deal with Women ?.

- Be Patient
- Do not go into technicalities
- listen

All

Q7. Critical thinking ,persuasion, Monitoring is a part of Motivational Skill ?.

True

FALSE

Q8. How to deal with Individuals and people in a group?.

Personal traits like charisma, self-confidence, dedication, decisiveness, optimism, perseverance, high level of energy and passion for his/her work will attract interviewee.

Irrespective of the caste, religion and gender, every person should be considered equally.

As an enumerator, one should campaign for the services under CSC and make the villagers aware of what we offer and its benefits.

All

Q9. _____ is the first step of listening..

Reading

Writing

Hearing

Speaking

Q10. characteristics of Social Skills are -.

Emotionally Mature

Carries an empathetic attitude

Social Perceptiveness

All

Q1. Who will does Economic Survey ?.

Supervisor

Enumerator

VLE

None of these

Q2. Why Economic Survey is impotent for Indian citizen ?.

- Because Govt. Wants to know the income of every person
- because govt. wants to Tax on Indian
- Because govt.Plans for the Economic growth of every citizen on the basis of this**
- Because Govt. Wants to Servilence on every income

Q3. What we covered in Economic Census ?.

- Economic Activity of Country**
- Economic Activity of Every district
- Economic Activity of Every Village
- Economic Activity of Every Household

Q4. What is the Means of UFS?.

- Urban Frame Survey**
- Union Frame Survey
- Unique Frame Survey
- None of these

Q5. Why we need to cover Identify particulars ?.

- Because we need to confirm someone's identity**
- Because we need to confirm someone's History
- Because we need to confirm someone's District
- Because we need to confirm someone's State

Q6. UFS Block created in _____?.

- Rural
- Urban**
- Rural & Urban Both
- None of these

Q7. If UFS Block created in Urban then what is the equivalent unit is created in Rural area ?.

- Enumeration City
- Enumeration village
- Enumeration process
- Enumeration Block

Q8. What is the means of IV Unit?.

- Investment Unit
- Innovation Unit
- Investigator Unit
- None of these

Q9. IV Unit is present in between ____and ____?.

- between town and blocks within the town
- between district and blocks within the District
- betweenVillage and blocks within the Village
- between city and blocks within the City

Q10. What is the Enumeration Block ?.

- Smallest unit of distribution of Urban area
- Smallest unit of distribution of Rural area
- Smallest unit of distribution of Urban & Rural area
- None of these

Q1. Can we do these surveys even without mobile.

- FALSE
- TRUE

Q2. Which version of Android must you have for yourself to download a mobile application.

- Android 4.0
- Android 5.0**
- Android 3.0
- None of Above

Q3. Who to Identify Cencus House Number .

- From List
- From Superviosor
- Auto Generated**
- None of Above

Q4. What are the basic information you need to fill for geographical area?.

- State and district name Auto filled
- state,district, city, ward name Auto filled
- state,district, city, ward, Pin code and UFS block name Auto filled
- Except for Pin Code & UFS Block – all data will be pre-filled**

Q5. How to give you the number of household in your area.

- Auto Populated**
- through Enumerator
- through Supervisor
- None of Above

Q6. What are the options available in the drop down of the Ownership of Establishment.

- Household and Establishment
- Residential and Commercial**
- Commercial and household
- Residential and household

Q7. Fruit seller, driving an auto-rickshaw (own), selling clothes on a bicycle, Food cart are the example of _____.

- Inside House
- Fixed structure inside House
- Without Fixed Structure Outside House**
- None of Above

Q8. Tuitions, stitching clothes at home for selling, making pickles for selling are the example of _____.

- Inside House
- Fixed structure inside House**
- Without Fixed Structure Outside House
- None of Above

Q9. The nature of economic activity is divided into how many parts.

- 5
- 6**
- 4
- 3

Q10. The nature of economic activity is divided into how many parts.

- 1)Primary, 2)Manufacturing, 3)Electricity,Gas & Water Supply
- 1)Primary, 2)Manufacturing, 3)Electricity,Gas & Water Supply, 4)Construction
- 1)Primary, 2)Manufacturing, 3)Electricity,Gas & Water Supply, 4)Construction, 5)Trading
- 1)Primary, 2)Manufacturing, 3)Electricity,Gas & Water Supply, 4)Construction, 5)Trading , 6)Services**